

Supplementary File

Calculation of economic compensation as a percentage of female and male industrial workers' salaries:

Year	Women in Sweden Average hourly salary × working hours a week* × 52 weeks a year	Men in Sweden Average hourly salary × working hours a week* × 52 weeks a year
1926	0.72 SEK × 48 × 52 = 1,797 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 220 SEK 220/1,797 = 12.2%	1.19 SEK × 48 × 52 = 2,970 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 220 SEK 220/2,970 = 7.4%
1935	0.72 SEK × 48 × 52 = 1,797 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 239 SEK 239/1,797 = 13.3%	1.20 SEK × 48 × 52 = 2,995 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 239 SEK 239/2,995 SEK = 8.0%
1946	1.37 SEK × 48 × 52 = 3,419 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 335 SEK 335/3419 = 9.8%	2.05 SEK × 48 × 52 = 5,117 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 335 SEK 335/5,117 = 6.5%
1955	3.21 SEK × 48 × 52 = 8,012 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 675 SEK 675/8,012 = 8.4%	4.64 SEK × 48 × 52 = 11,581 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 675 SEK 675/11,581 = 5.8%
1966	7.85 SEK × 45 × 52 = 18,369 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 4,448 SEK 4,448/18,369 = 24.2%	10.26 SEK × 45 × 52 = 24,008 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 4,448 SEK 4,448/24,008 = 18.5%
1975	21.17 SEK × 40 × 52 = 44,034 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 13,593 SEK 13,593/44,034 = 30.9%	24.95 SEK × 40 × 52 = 51,896 SEK Compensation to foster parents: 13,593 SEK 13,593/51,896 = 26.2%

*working hours a week, full-time job: 8-hour working day was introduced in Sweden in 1919, i.e., 48 hours a week, in 1958 the weekly working hours were reduced to 45 hours, in 1967/69 to 42.5 hours and in 1971/73 to 40 hours.